

MEDIA EDUCATION AND THE CHALLENGES OF WAR WHAT HAS CHANGED SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR

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Regarding trust in information sources: official sources became the leaders

Since the beginning of the war, there have been attempts to break and limit the access or replace content on official web resources of public authorities.

Regarding the dissemination of information

On March 26, President of Ukraine Volodymyr Zelensky signed a law establishing criminal liability for unauthorized dissemination of information about the movement or location of the Armed Forces of Ukraine, committed under martial law or state of emergency.

According to the new law, it is forbidden to publish videos and photos with the following content: trajectory and location of missiles hits; names of streets, transport stops, shops, factories, etc; relocation of the Ukrainian military and military facilities; work of Ukrainian air defense; place of shelling or projectile hit; address, information with visual reference or coordinates of battles; car and armored vehicles license plates; the names of wounded or dead persons(except for official data).

Violation of these requirements is punishable by 3 to 12 years in prison.

Regarding journalistic standards



Andriy Kulykov, Chairman of the Commission on Journalistic Ethics :

«Nothing has changed in the principles of journalism. The methods of their application have changed. We must be even more committed to principles, because that is the truth, and the truth saves lives. Journalists must report everything as it is. You can't be neutral; you have to be objective. Life forces to change».

Regarding manipulation

The media of the Russian Federation distribute the following main manipulative narratives: "Ukraine will lose the war; the West is using Ukraine against Russia; Russia is fighting against NATO, not against Ukraine, and NATO is allegedly providing Ukraine with weapons to weaken Russia with other people's hands; a powerful information attack is being carried out against Russia, the "special operation" would have ended long ago if Russia had not been forced to protect the civilian population.

The Academy of Ukrainian Press offers media educational games

- They develop critical thinking;
- form skills of analysis of media messages;
- teach to be resistant to propaganda, fakes, misinformation.

By the link you will find:

Media literate mafia — <http://surl.li/bpgke>

365° on the scale of media literacy — <http://surl.li/bpgkl>

Online game "Adventures of Literatus"— <http://surl.li/bpgko>

Online game "Media know-it-all» — <http://surl.li/bpgkr>



The Academy of Ukrainian Press offers a look at the library of mass communication and media literacy

By the [link and QR-code](#) you will find: e-books on journalism and
media literacy

<http://surl.li/bpgmi>



The Academy of Ukrainian Press offers to visit the media literacy portal

By the [link and QR-code](#) you will find: various methodical materials for educators, teachers, lecturers, librarians, media consumers that can be used in education. Among the materials are exercises, classes, video lectures, courses, presentations, publications.

<http://medialiteracy.org.ua/>



Academy of Ukrainian Press offers educational platform «ABC of vaccination or educational vaccination against misinformation»

<https://medialiteracy.org.ua/abetka/>



The Academy of Ukrainian Press offers toolbox with media educational exercises

<https://toolbox.medialiteracy.org.ua>



Media education and War

- online lecture "Media Education: What Has Changed and How to Counteract the Challenges of Wartime"

<https://www.facebook.com/aupfoundation/videos/1859469937859836>

- online lecture "Information hygiene during the war: what it means to children and adults"

<https://medialiteracy.org.ua/21049-2/>

<https://www.facebook.com/aupfoundation/videos/531361888581056>